

PhD Open lectures, University of Warsaw  
The Univalence Axiom in Dependent Type Theory

MARC BEZEM

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Please solve the three problems below and turn in your solutions as a PDF. Slide numbers below refer to the PDF document available from the course webpage.

Your solutions should be sent to Bartosz Klin ([klin@mimuw.edu.pl](mailto:klin@mimuw.edu.pl)) by **Friday, Jan. 13, 2017**.

1. Do the exercise on slide 4 with the HOL definition of  $Eq_A$ , both classically (using the Law of Excluded Middle at one place) and constructively (not using LEM).
2. Prove the groupoid laws 3–6 on slide 14 using  $transp_B$  and  $bpi_C$  from slide 13. (Note that both have implicit arguments  $a, x : A$ .)
3. Define  $idtoEquiv$  on slide 17 using  $transp_B$  and  $bpi_C$  from slide 13.

There are actually several ways of doing this. In the following the underscore symbols  $_$  stand for proof terms that do not interest us. Try to find a definition of  $idtoEquiv$  with the following property:

For all  $e = (f, -) : A \simeq B$ , we have that

$$ua(e) = ((p, -), -) : Contr(Fib_{idtoEquiv}(e))$$

with  $p : Eq_U(A, B)$  such that transport along  $p$  in the type family  $B : U \rightarrow U$  defined by  $B(X) = X$  is equal to the function  $f : A \rightarrow B$ . In words, if  $f$  is the equivalence from  $A$  to  $B$ , then transport along the path given by  $ua$  is just the function  $f$  itself.